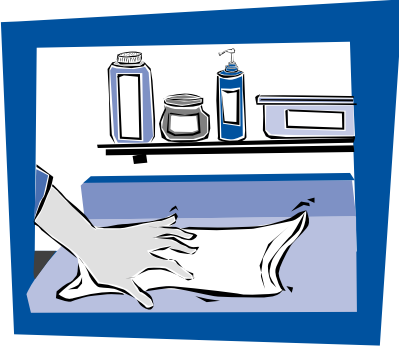


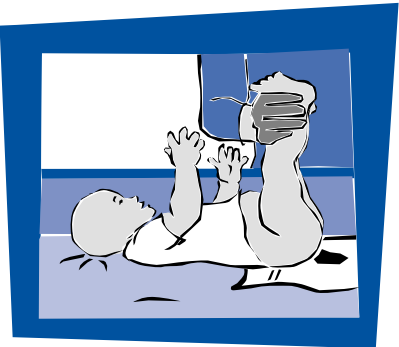
**STOP
DISEASE**

DIAPERING PROCEDURES



1. Organize needed supplies within reach.

- Wash your hands and gather what you need.
- Place a disposable cover on the diapering surface.



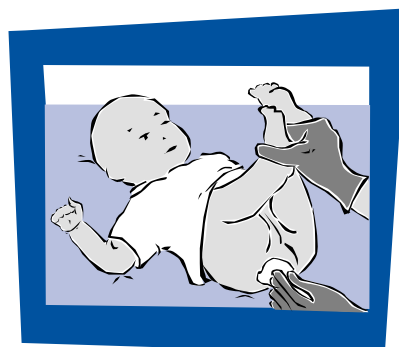
2. Avoid contact with soiled items.

- If using gloves, put them on now.
- Using only your hands, pick up the child.
- Provide steps for older children.
- Lay the child on the paper towel.
- Never leave the child unattended.



3. Remove the soiled diaper.

- Remove soiled diaper and soiled clothes.
- Fold the soiled surface inward.
- Put disposable diapers in a covered, plastic-lined trash can.
- Put soiled, reusable diaper and/or soiled clothes without rinsing in a plastic bag for parents.



4. Clean the child's diaper area.

- Use disposable wipes to clean and dry the child's bottom.
- If the child needs a more thorough washing, use soap, running water, and paper towels.
- Remove the disposable covering from beneath the child and discard it into a covered plastic-lined trash can.
- If you are wearing gloves, remove and dispose of them now into a covered, plastic-lined trash can.

**STOP
DISEASE**

DIAPERING PROCEDURES

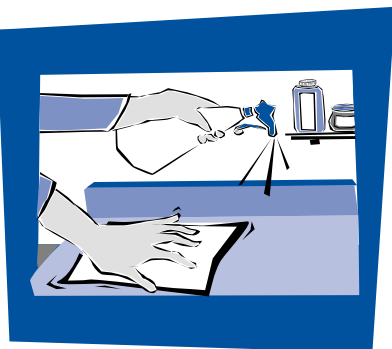


5. Put on a clean diaper and dress the child.

- Use a facial or toilet tissue to apply any necessary creams or ointments.
- Note and plan to report any skin problems such as redness.
- Slide a fresh diaper under the child, then adjust and fasten it. If pins are used, place your hand between the child and the diaper when inserting the pin.

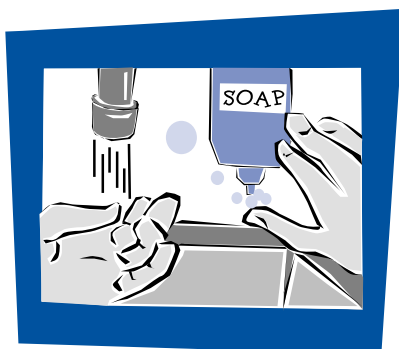


6. Wash the child's hands and return the child to a supervised area.



7. Clean and sanitize the diaper changing surface.

- Clean and disinfect the diapering area, all equipment or supplies that were touched, and soiled crib or cot, if needed.



8. Wash your own hands thoroughly.